Mrs Hill, who spoke next had a hard time of

MRS. WOLCOIT REBBED IN PARIS.

Story That the Senator's Divorced Wife Lost

\$40,000 Worth of Jewels There.

her jewels with her to Paris in a specially

constructed portmantenu, which she carried

wherever she went. One day, after a shopping

tour, she left the portmanteau in the carriage

which drove her to her hotel. Soon after enter-

ing the hotel Mrs. Wolcott thought of her jewels

were lost in the mazes of the international

but Mrs. Wolcoit told the story to a few friends in Denver when she visited the city to be

lescents at Bellevue.

When a patient is brought to Bellevue Hos

patient dies the clothes are claimed by relatives, or held against a time of need. Once in

a while the bundle goes astray and then the

CHRISTIAN DAILY NEWSPAPER.

Holmes, paster of the Allnutt Memorial Methodist

Protestant Church, who purposes to interest the Christians of the State in the publication of a

dany newspaper, has issued circulars, one of

head of a religious society in the State. The

the piles that the dead leave.

tom of thiswary Detections of Landon

divorce.

BOERS ARE AGAIN ACTIVE. APPEAR IN FORCE AT LADYBRAND

EAST OF BLOEMFONTEIN. Force Col. Pilcher and a Small British Column to Fall Back-Raiding Party Seizes

a Farm Between Kimberley and Paardeberg and Threatens the Railway; Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, March 28.-Outpost skirmishing. with slight casualties, is reported from various quarters in South Africa, but there is no sign of a British advance. Some correspondents again predict that the inactivity will continue for a month or more. They regard Gen. Roberts's trip to Cape Town to meet his wife as an indication that nothing important is impending, but, of course, all this is mere specu-

lation. The efforts of the British to intercept Commandant Olivier seem to have definitely failed. and the Boers have been able to check a small British force at Ladybrand. Col. Pileber, who relieved the town of Douglas in December, led a few mounted troops to Ladybrand and drove in the Boer outposts, after which he held the town for a while. Soon, however, a superior force of Boers arrived and turned the tables. Col. Pilcher retreated, taking with him a captured Boer Landdrost. There were a few casualties on each side. The attack of the Boers was probably made for the purpose of covering the withdrawal of Com-

mandant Olivier's or some other convoy. Gen. Clements's command is reported to be advancing to Bloem fontein in four columns, It isrumored that he has captured Fauresmith. which, when last heard from, was reported to be in possession of the Boers.

The Chronicle's correspondent at Kimberley reports that a raiding party of 400 Free State Boers are in control of a point of the road between Kimberley and Paardeberg. They have seized a farm near Pandamsfontein, where a number of British horses were recuperating. It is supposed that their object is to advance by way of Jacobsdal and raid the railway.

Correspondents at Mafeking send reports up to March 16. Their tone is somewhat more hopeful, especially regarding the food supply One says that the problem of feeding the natives within the British lines has been satisfactorily solved. Another writes that the soup kitchens are a great success. Men are appointed to inspect the food. The natives take to soup readily. Everybody will be glad for the sake of the white children when the siege is raised. Supplies are being received, but there is a shortage of oatmeal, flour, milk and sugar. Plenty of oats are being ground, but there is no ap-

paratus for properly cleaning them. There is no indication from what source the supplies mentioned are being received, but the statement is welcomed as indicating the ability of the garrison to hold out for a considerable time longer.

The remainder of the news from Mafeking mainly repeats incidents that have been made familiar by previous reports. Nothing more has been heard from Col. Plumer, except a brief official statement from Pretoria that he retreated northward with an armored train. This apparently refers to his withdrawal from Lobatsi.

Correspondent Cox of the Natal Mercury, who was captured while attempting to escape from Ladysmith and taken to Pretoria, has been released and has arrived at Durban. He declares that the reported wholesale desertions of burghers is untrue, though a few have deserted. He Commandant-General Joubert is suspected of half-heartedness in carrying on the war, and it is believed that if Pretoria is besieged his life will be endangered by the irate burghers.

The Chronicle issues a second edition con taining a despatch from Bloemfontein, dated March 26, saying that Gen. French has arrived there. He reports that Commandant Olivier is at Grobelaar with 6,000 men. They are moving north to join the Transvaal Boers.

DUTCH CHEER GOV. MILNER.

Former Rebels Loudly Proclaim Their Loyalty at Burghersdorp.

LONDON, March 28.-A despatch to the Morn. ing Post from Bughersdorp, says that Sir Alfred Milner, Governor of Cape Colony, passed through that place on Saturday. He made a firm speech and was tumultuously cheered by a large crowd, which contained a large Dutch element, many of whom had borne arms. The despatch adds that Dutch lip loyalty is now very strong in Burghersdorp, Stormberg, Dordrecht and other districts. Dutchmen are eagerly giving information to the British.

All arms except a few in the Burghersdorp district have been surrendered. The weapons them being several antique specimens. The owners say that the Free State Boers insisted that all Mauser rifles be returned to them before the rebels surrendered. This is probably

The ex-rebels are glad that the war is over so far as they are concerned, but loyalty will be tioned. The British women will not fail to slight the Dutch women, thus avenging themselves for the insults to the British during the

Gov. Milner's visit was partly in connection with the treatment of the rebels. It was gathered in an interview that he inclines to tem pering justice with mercy, if mercy is not con-

strued as weakness. EOER COUNCIL OF WAR.

Now Being Held at Kroonstad Where the

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

From THE SUN'S Correspondent with Gen. Roberts BLOEMFONTEIN, March 26 -Gen. Prinsico, who was at one time the Commandant-General of the Orange Free State forces, but who, according to various reports, resigned his command some months ago, went to live on his farm with the full permission of President Krüger. It is now stated that the Johannesburg police, under President Kru-ger's orders, have deported him to Pretoria. Two other Free State farmers who also po-

Aguard of the Lancers brought in three Boers named Pretorius yesterday. They lived on a farm near the place where Lieut. Lygon of the Guards was killed and three other officers wounded on March 23.

Gen. Lord Robers reviewed Gen. Tucker's Seventh Division this morning.

The Boer commandos are assembling in reat force at Kroonstad where, it is said, a Beer council of war is now being held.

Gen. White Welcomed at Cape Town.

CAPE Town, March 27.-Gen. White, the defender of Ladysmith, arrived here to-day from Durban and got a great popular reception. An address was presented to him, to which he made a brief reply. He will sail for England

Australia's Ideas of Peace Terms.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 27.—The Australian Prime Ministers have jointly cabled to Colobial Secretary Chamberlain urging that peace ought not to be concluded except on terms insuring absolute British supremacy in South

WORK OF THE HOSPITAL SHIP MAINE. Gen. Buller Advises That She Be Used to

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 27.-The Executive Committee of the hospital ship Maine has received the following cable message from Gen. Buller, dated Ladysmith, March 20, in response to a request that the hospital ship Maine should remain in South African waters:

Carry Sick and Wounded to England.

"We think the ship by going to England will confer the greatest benefit on the sick and wounded with her excellent medical staff and she will in that way best aid the evacuation of the congested hospitals. The Trojan and Spartan will be ample for local transfers. If the Maine goes I hope she will return as soon as possible.

MICHAEL DAVITT IN SOUTH AFRICA. Arrives at Lorenzo Marques With a Ship-

load of Mercenaries for the Boer Army. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. LOBENZO MARQUES, March 24. - The steamship Gironde has arrived here with a large contingent of foreign mercenaries for the Boer army. There are many Irishmen in the contingent.

Among the passengers is Michael Davitt, formerly Member of Parliament for South Mayo, Ireland. Mr. Davitt says he is travelling for his health.

LONDON, March 27.-The Central News cor respondent at Lorenzo Marques says that Mr. Davitt will go to the Transvaal, where he will act as the representative of an American news-

RUSSIA'S LEPLY TO THE BOERS. shows Sympathy and Expresses Regret at the Impossibility of Intervention.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 28.-A despatch to the Times from St. Petersburg says that Russia's answer to the Boer appeal for intervention is similar to the replies of the other Powers. The reply indeavors to show the greatest possible sympathy with the Boers, and expresses great

he request of the republics. It says that had Presidents Kruger and Steyn applied to the Powers before telegraphing to Lord Salisbury there is some reason to believe that Great Britain would have been approached in behalf of the republics.

BOER PRISONER IN LONDON.

Boyes Viljoen Remanded on a Charge of Illicit Diamond Buying.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 27 .- Boyes Viljoen, who is said to be a Boer, was arraigned in Bow street police court to-day charged with illicit diamond buying. He was arrested by Inspector Froest of Scotland Yard on the Union steamer Scot package containing 1.139 uncut diamonds was found on him. It is stated that he is a digger in the Transvaal.

Vilioen confessed that he had no license, but asserted that the stones were the property of a syndicate. He was remanded.

HEAVY BAINS IN SOUTH AFRICA. Natal Field Hospitals Being Cleared in

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 27 .- The rainy season is commencing in South Africa with exceptionally heavy storms, converting the camps into swamps.

Two transports at Durban are being converted into hospital ships owing to the increase in the number of sick and wounded, and with a view to clearing the field hospitals preparatory to the next operations by the English troops.

BRAVE SORTIE FROM MAFEKING. Desperate Garrison Rushes a Boer Trench

and Captures Twenty-six Head of Cattle. London, March 27.-A despatch from Mafeking, dated March 13, via Buluwayo, March 20,

"All well. Our patrols are active. We rushed one of the Boer intrenchments and effectively fusilladed another. We captured twenty-six head of cattle and killed twelve Boers. Our loss was two killed and three wounded."

RESOLUTION FOR ANNEXATION. The Hon. J. Rose-Innes Will Move It in the

Cape Parliament. CAPE Town, March 27.—The Hon. J. Rose-Innes, formerly leader of the British in the Cape Parliament, will move a resolution in favor of annexation of the Boer republics in the Cape Parliament on March 30.

Lord Roberts will come here to meet Lady Roberts on the arrival of the steamship on which she is coming from England.

Boer Presidents Said to Be Displeased With His Work.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SU Parts, March 27.-It is stated here that one of the first acts of the Boer peace delegates, now on their way to Europe, will be to proceed to Brussels and relieve Dr. Leyds, the Diplomatic Agent. It is stated that the Boer Presidents are thoroughly disappointed and dis-

Work Resumed in Natal Collieries.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LADYSMITH, March 27.-Work in the collieries at Elandslaagte has been resumed and the

mines are putting out their normal tonnage. THRASHED THE DUKE OF ORLEANS.

Englishman Punished Him for His Approval of a Caricature of the Queen. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN PARIS, March 27.-The Journal states that the report that the Duke of Orleans was injured

by a wild boar is untrue. The Aurore states that the Duke's indisposition is really due to a sound thrashing he received from an Englishman on account of his letter of congratulation to M. Willette, the artist who caricatured the Queen in Le Rive.

SALE OF THE DANISH WEST INDIES. Paris Hears That Their Transfer to the United States 1s Practically Decided On.

London, March 27.-A despatch to the Ex-change Telegraph Company from Paris says that it is stated on the highest authority that the sale of the Danish Antilles to the United States has been practically concluded.

WASHINGTON, March 27.-The State Department denies the report from Paris that the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States has been practically concluded. An official of the Department who has authority to speak said to-day that the negotiations were still in the stage of inquiry.

Order of the Garter for the Crown Prince of Germany.

Loxnox, March 28.—Truth says it learns that the Queen will send the Duke of York to Potsdam early in May to invest the Crown Prince of

Germany with the Order of the Garter. The "London Times" will be found in the Buffet Library Smoking Car of the New York Central's "Lake Shore Limited" every day. This is a new feature of the New York Central's passenger service.—Adv.

TEACHERS MOB THE MAYOR

HISS AND HOOF AT ALL OPPOST-TION TO THE DIVIS BILL.

And the Opposition Is Pretty Strenuous 2,000 Teachers, Mostly Women, at the City Hall-Mayor and Police Together Could Not Maintain Order and Gave It Up.

Two thousand schoolteachers crowded the Mayor's office and the corridors of the City Hall yesterday at the hearing on the Davis School bill. The hearing was very disorderly. Ninety per cent. of the teachers present were women, and the threats of the policemen, the sergeant-at-arms and the Mayor had no effect on them. They hooted every objection sited by the opponents of the measure, laughed at the Mayor when he told them that he would dear the room if they didn't show a little more respect, and made so much noise that at times it was impossible for the Mayor to hear speakers ten feet away from him. The hearing was called at 4 o'clock by the Mayor, who said: "The Abearn act providing salaries for

Mrs. Hill, who spoke next had a hard time of it. Several teachers in the room in audible whispers said "Traitor" when she rose to speak. She said that the teachers were all satisfied with the Ahearn law and that when trouble arose over that she communicated with Senator Ahearn and at his suggestion drew a bill for the relief of the teachers which provided an increment of \$30 for ten years' service and \$50 for filteen years' service, at which point it ended. The passage of the Davis bill, she said, would be a great misforture. If the bill went through, she, as a school principal, expected a Klondike, for she would certainly demand increment as long as she was in the service, no matter what the sentiment of those who drew the bill was.

There was a storm of hisses for Mrs. Hill and when it had subsided she turned to the Mayor and said: the teachers for the year 1900 made an increase of \$1.373,942. By this act, which is now befor me, there is to be an additional increase of \$3,194,600. The Mayor would like to know the reason why this enormous increase should be given in addition o the increase provided by the Ahearn law." Dr. W. L. Ettinger, President of the Teachers' Association, undertook to enlighten the Mayor on this point. He said that when the teachers asked for the passage of the Ahearn

aw they were under the impression that it would give them all the relief that they wanted. but that they have since discovered that they were mistaken. The salaries of the teachers of New York, he said, are ridiculously low, When a man who has served for nine years is able to draw only \$000 a year, it was time that the city did something to remedy the injustice It was time to take the teachers out of the uncertainty they are in-

The Mayor said that he had had expert acountants looking at the bill with a view to regret that Russia is unable to comply with finding out something about the schedule which would come into operation if the bill asses. The accountants told him, he said. that it would take fifty of them about three months to find out.

"Do you happen to know," said the Mayor to Dr. Ettinger, "that under this bill a female principal, who now draws \$2,500 a year, would, at the end of fifteen years, be entitled to \$6,700. And do you happen to know that at at the end of twenty years a male principal would be drawing pay at the rate of \$8,500 a

There were shouts of "No! no!" from all over the room, and Dr. Ettinger assured the Mayor that he was wrong. He said that the Mayor undoubtedly referred to the \$250 inerement mentioned in the bill for principals. crement mentioned in the bill for principals. This increment under the bill he said was intended to run only until the limit of salary had been reached. The Mayor said that there was no limit mentioned in the bill and that it was perfectly clear that the increment would go on, if the bill became a law, just as long as the teacher or principal remained in the service. There was another demonstration of disapproval from the teachers, and Dr. Ettinger repeated that the Mayor was wrong.

"Well," said the Mayor, "all I've got to say is that you differ very much from lawyers on this bill."

bill."

G. C. Walmsley, President of the Class Teachers' Organization of Brooklyn, began by admitting that he had much to do with the drawing of the bill. Then he referred to the \$600 salary on which teachers in the elementary schools are started as inadequate. The Mayor remarked that it was more than most young men got as a start in the world, and Mr. Walmsley came back at him and said that young men had a chance to improve their conditions, but teachers didn't.

tenehers didu't.
"I recall," said the Mayor, "that when the Ahearn bill was up and Mrs. J. J. Hill, who is here to-day, was speaking for it. I said that you

here to-day, was speaking for it, I said that you teachers would be back here next year for another increase, and Mrs. Hill said: 'Sign this bill, and we'll not be back.'"

Mrs. Hill stepped forward and rather surprised the Mayor by saying that she was present to oppose the bill. Then there was another outburst from the teachers, followed by shouts of laughter, when the Mayor said the noisy ones would have to leave the room unless they kept quiet. Mr. Walmsley went on to defend the clause of the bill which takes out of the hands of the Comptroller the auditing of the supply accounts of the Board of Education. He said that the bill did not call for the payment of the supply appropriation in bulk to the board, but installments from time to time as needed.

"This is a just and fair measure," he said.

board, but instalments from time to time as needed.

"This is a just and fair measure," he said, "and I hope it will get your indorsement. I think you are mistaken in what you say about the increases in salary going on forever. No such construction has been put on the bill by the teachers."

"That is my construction," said the Mayor, "and is the construction of all the lawyers who have examined the bill. There is no maximum mentioned in the bill; only a minimum."

inum mentioned in the bill; only a minimum."

Mr. Walmsley begged leave to differ, whereat there was another demonstration from the teachers. The Mayor reiterated his statement and then said that he wanted to hear from the Comptroller about the clause in the bill referring to his department.

Mr. Coler said that the bill provided an opening wedge for every department in the city to get away from the Finance Department.

"Inder this bill they do get the money in a lump," he said, "and and their own bills, and we get duplicate vouchers. There is absolutely no one who can be held responsible for the disbursement of the money. Men come to me every day now with complaints about not being paid for supplies sent to the Board of Education. These bills are three months behind, many of them, and the reason is that they have never been sent to the Department of Finance. As far as my department is concerned, no bills have ever been held up there more than three days." patient buysnew clothes or puts on some from
the piles that the dead leave.

Daniel Reynoids, a coachman, is in Bellevue
just now suffering from lack of clothes. He
refuses to wear those left by the dead, so ever
since March 7, when he was pronounced cured
of pneumonia he has snuggled and snoozed on
acot, too poor to buy new clothes and too superstitious to wear those he can have for nothing.
He has a wife and three children.
John Mitchell, a burnisher, called cured on
March 14, is also living in the hospital at the
city's expense for the same reason, despite the
fact that the hospital is over-rowded. There
have been two dozen persons in the hospital
at once who had either to wear the clothes of
the dead, go naked, or clse buy new clothes.
Which they coulin't afford to do.
Supt, O'Rourke, after the medical staff have
complained to Commissioner Keller, has now
promised to see that clothes are not lost in the
future. He has ordered 2,200 compartments
for clothes to be made in the old stable and the
work has already been begun. The hospital
at present has compartments for 500 suits and
1,250 are jammed in the space provided.

To add to the clothing trouble, Charles Fores,
the paid helper who had charge of the bundles
went away a while ago, and has since been
suspended for being absent without leave, so
that there is a prospect of more complaints.

As far as my department is concerned, no bills have ever been held up there more than three days."

President Little said that the Davis bill had not been considered by the Board of Education but that if it had, that body would surely disapprove of it. He was sure that the teachers would, too, if they understood it. Again there were cries of "No, No," and sundry other remarks from the back of the room which the Mayor was powerless to stop. Mr. Little went on to say that he had always been the friend of the teacher as whereat there was a chorus of groans. Mr. Little continued:

"This bill is the most absurd bill ever presented to any Legislature in the United States. Under it a male principal at the explration of twenty years of service will got more money than a cabinet minister. There is no limit of increment. I don't think that those who drew this bill meant that it should be so, but it is in the bill just the same. Why, under it a simple, ordinary school teacher—"

Mr. Little was interrupted by a storm of hisses and groans which fairly shook the room. The policemen tried to stop it and the Mayor pounded for order, but it was all in vain. For fully a minute the teachers kept it up. When they stopned, Mr. Little repeated:

"Under this bill, a simple, ordinary school-teacher more hisses; with no duties other than the teaching of a ciass imore groans; would soon be in receipt of a salary of \$4,575, more than is paid to the president of a college. Now as to taking the auditing of accounts out of the hands of the Comptroller, I am opposed to it, Why, there isn't a man is the board who would undertake to disburse these moneys. This bill has more bad features than I ever saw crowded into one measure.

Charles A. Roberts, chairman of the Finance Committee of the Brooklyn board, opposed the

has more bad features than I ever saw crowded into one measure."

Charles A. Roberts, chairman of the Finance Committee of the Brooklyn board, opposed the bill, saying that it but a responsibility on the Board of Education which didn't belong there, the said there wasn't a sane man in the board who would undertake to shoulder the responsibility. If the bill passed it would prove one of the most vicious measures ever adopted.

Once more the teachers cried out their disapproval.

Once more the teachers cried out their disapproval.

Mr. George Freifeld, a member of the Brooklyn board, said that the bill was barren of redeeming qualities and that the principle involved was vicious. Horace E. Dresser, who is the delegate of the Central Board from Brooklyn, began to speak against the bill, but was interrupted by another demonstration from the teachers. The Mayor said that such conduct didn't help the cause of the teachers and that he would be obliged to have the disturbers put out of the room if they didn't desist. This brought out a chorus of languter from the women that made the Mayor bite his lip. He said nothing, however, and Mr. Dresser went on to say that he didn't think there should be a uniform schedule of wages. He didn't think that a teacher in Queens with a class of fifteen

Beautiful, Swift and Sure.

The "Royal Limited," exquisite in all appointments, leaves New York, South Ferry and Foot of Liberty street, daily 3 P. M., arrives Washington S. P. M. Unexcelled Dining and Cafe Car Service. Royal Bine Trains for Washington leave South Ferry S. 10, 11:30 A. M., 1, 1:30, 3, 4:55, 5:55 P. M. and 12:10 night, -Ada.

1, 1:30, 3, 5, 6 P. M. and 12:15 night, -Ada.

HAS CULTON CONFESSEDA

ANOTHER ALLEGED REVELATION OF AN ANTI-GOEBEL PLOT.

Story That One of the Men Arrested for the Goebel Murder Has "Told All"-The Washington Administration Decides Not to Interfere in the Dispute in Any Way.

should get the same pay as a teacher in Brookityn with a class of fifty. This brought out more hisses. Mr. Dresser concluded by saying that theibill seemed to be part of a scheme of centralization meant to put the entire power into the hands of the only perfect man connected with the school system of the city.

"And who is the only perfect man?" asked the Mayor.

Mr. Dresser only smiled.

"I presume you refer" said the Mayor, "to the City Superintendent."

Mr. Dresser's smiled again and the Mayor poined him. Dr. John Harrigan, who drew the Harrigan schedule now in lorce, spoke next in opposition to the bill. He said it was only another i roduct of the educational department of the Albany windmill. At one time while Dr. Harrigan was talking, the hissing became so general that he had to turn around and admonish the disorderly teachers. He told them to hiss all they liked but that just the same they were only delaying things as he had a certain amount to say and meant to say it. Principal Quinn of Queens said that there never was a bill for the relief of teachers that didn't meet with opposition. He said that the present system was making it difficult to get teachers in Queens because of the additional emolument in Manhattan.

"I voted," said the Mayor, "togive the teachers \$600 a year as a start, and I did so because I thought it was fair. Now they all want more money. You don't suppose I made \$600 the first year I practiced law, do you?"

"I certainly do not," said Mr. Quinn. Laugheter. FRANKFORT, Ky., March 27.-W. H. Culton, ne of the defendants in the alleged Goebel conspiracy case, made a confession this afternoon and evening to what he knew about the assassination of Goebel. The confession was made in the room of Attorney Tom Campbell at the Capitol Hotel, in the presence of the Commonwealth's attorney, Robert B, Franklin, Arthur Goebel, County Attorney J. H. Poisgrove and E. E. Hogg of Booneville, Owsley county. The confession was made at the suggestion of Attorney Hogg, who is Culton's brother-in-law and one of his attorneys.

The substance of Culton's confession cannot be secured to-night and the commonwealth' attorneys are guarding it securely. It is said, however, that the confession is sensational. Attorney Campbell would not even admit that t had been made.

Youtsey, who was arrested to-day, is also said to have told all he knew. The soldiers under Major J. Embry Allen have been ordered by Gov. Beckham to remain here on guard until the April term to prevent the release of the prisoners. E. E. Hogg. Culton's brother-in-law and at-

orney, said to-night; "The statement that Mr. Culton has confessed is not true. He has nothing to confess and nothing to reveal. What he has told the attorneys to-day he has stood ready to tell all

when it had subsided she turned to the Mayor and said:

"You have listened to us ratiently and in closing my remarks I want to say that this scene, made by reopie of my own profession, is one of which I am not proud."

J. J. Drissoil of Richmend, and Mrs. Emma F. Pettingill of Brooklyn, spoke in favor of the bill and Charles M. Chadwick, who represented the Manufacturers' Association, opposed it. Mr. Chadwick had the greatest difficulty in talking. Encouraged by the lack of interference, the teachers fairly shouted their disapthe time and in fact has told before." The examination of Secretary of State Powers charged with being accessory before the fact to the murder of William Goebel, was concluded this morning and resulted in holding him without bail until the meeting of the Grand Jury in April, W. H. Culton and John Davis were also held over. When court was called to order there was a conference of fifteen minutes of the attorneys, ex-Gov. Brown, W. R. Ramsey, George Denny and County Attorney Polsgrove, Commonwealth's Attorney Franklin and Attorney Campbell. At

talking. Encouraged by the lack of interference, the teachers fairly shouted their disapproval, and when Mr. Chadwick arged the Mayor to veto the bill, his voice could scarcely be heard in the uproar.

The teachers demanded that Supt. Jusper be heard, but there were two or three others clamoring for a chance, so the Mayor said he would give two more advocates of the bill an opportunity to speak and then close the hearing. Mr. Jasper showed no desire to talk, so the time was taken up by two other teachers, who spoke briefly in favor of the bill.

It took half an hour to clear the Mayor's office after the hearing. The teachers stood around in groups and abused the Mayor. They said that they had had no opportunity to be heard; that their orators had been stilled, and that rank favoritism had been shown to the opponents of the bill. the conclusion of this ex-Gov. Brown said: "The counsel for the defence have had a consultation and have decided to offer no testimony. We present to the Court in plea of bar a pardon from the Governor of Kentucky. We have not the shadow of hope that the pardon will be recognized, but we submit it for the action of the Court. After that we may have some further motion."

Judge Moore declined to recognize the paron offered in bar, and Gov. Brown said: "Very well, we will offer no testimony, but ask for the dismissal of the accuse i on the

evidence of the Common wealth." DENVER, Col., March 27.-It has just become Judge Moore overruled that motion. Gov. known here that Mrs. Frances M. Wolcott, who Judge Moore overruled that motion. Gov. Brown then asked for bail for the prisoner. Ju 'ge Moore said:

"I do not believe that Powers fired the shot which killed Senator Goebel, but I do believe from the evidence that he was in the conspiracy which resulted in Senator Goebel's death, and I therefore hold him without bail to await the action of the Grand Jury which meets next week." was divorced from Senator E. O. Wolcott in the District Court on March 6, was robbed of \$40,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry while in Paris awaiting the expiration of the year ecessary to allege desertion as a ground for The story told now is that Mrs. Wolcott took

the action of the Grand Jury which meets next week."

The pardon offered in bar was signed by Powers as Secretary of State. The case of W. H. Culton was called at 2 o'clock and after a consultation of the attorneys, Gov. Brown said that the defendant would waive investigation and that an agreement had been reached, Judge Moore said:

"Hold the prisoner, Mr. Sheriff, in custody until the action of the Grand Jury without bail," meaning that Culton could remain at his home un ler guard.

but the carriage was gone. The driver had home un ler guard.

Capt. John Davis was then brought in, and Judge benny made a statement that an agreement had also been reached in his case, that he would be batied, as County Attorney Poisgrove said, "in an amount yet to be determined."

Henry E. Youtsey, a stenographer in Auditor Sweeney's office, of the hepublican government was arrested to-day, charged with being accessory before the fact to the murder of Goebel.

Youtsey is the man who figured in Golden's quickly examined his find and acted with promptness. The jewels were on the way to London before he was arrested, and there driver was sentenced for his theft and that is all the consolation that Mrs. Wolcott got.: sory before the fact to the murer or Golden's Youtsey is the man who figured in Golden's testimony as the "brunette in the case." He is a half brother of L. J. Crawford of Newport, chairman of the Republican National League ("lubs. He is 30 years locateation." bordering on nervous prestration.

Decision of the President and the Cabinet to Take No Part in the Dispute.

WASHINGTON, March 27 - There was a long discussion of the Kentucky situation at the Cabi-net meeting today. Shortly before the bour pital he is put on a cot, and his clothes are fumigated, tied up in a bundle, 'at elled and put away until the patient recovers, when the Pugh of Kentucky went to the White House and had a conference with the President that continued some time after the members of the Cabi-

It was made clear to day in a general way what the Kentucky Republican leaders would have the Administration do in their behalf. They ask Chief Executive of the State by such method as Mr. McKinley may deem best, the only stipulation being that the Democrats of Kentucky and the ecople of the country generally shall be left in no doubt regarding the National Administration's

view of the situation in Kentucky. It has been suggested by some of the Ken

It has been suggested by some of the Kentuckians that the use of Federal arms by the two factions of the State militia provides an opportunity for the National Administration to recognize Taylor as Governor. The suggestion is that President McKinley should decide which side should be deprived of its arms.

Senator Deboe and Representative Pugh discussed the situation with the President and Attorney-General Griggs particularly As soon as the Kentuckians had left the White House the Cabinet continued the discussion among themselves. The stand was taken at once that the Federal Government has no function whatever in the Kentucky di-Pute and that it would be unwise as well as unjust for the Administration at Washington to interfere. President McKinley holds that the use of Federal arms by the State militia forms no excuse or opportunity the State militia forms no excuse or opportunity for Government interference. The arms were lent to the State and the State alone is responsible

ment. It was unanimously held by the Presiden and the members of the Cabinet that the Kentuck; courts should be allowed to settle the trouble The Rev. J. H. Holmes's Scheme to Publish in the State without molestation or interference.

HAD AN ASSASSINATION FAKE. Swindle on a Cincinnati Newspaper. head of a religious society in the State. The circular is in the nature of a pledge and reads:

"We, the undersigned, feel the need of a pure Christian daily newspaper published in the city of Baltimore. We promise that if the Christian Citizen is ever published we will subscribe for it on the following express conditions: It is to exist two cents a copy. It is to exclude from its columns all advertisements of the liquor business, prize fights, Sabbath descration, court investigation of the unclean, theatres and everything which is corrupting to public morals. It will adverage only that which is consistent with pure Christian citizenship. It will have no political leaning, but briefly state the actions of all political parties. It will be entirely undenominational.

When a sufficient number of subscribers is obtained to make it an assure! financial success, the subscription it it is to be turned over to seven well known "Christian business men" to have entire charge and central of the enterprise and after paying the actual expenses of the publication all the clear profits are to be given to public charity, such as the Friendly lim, the Boys thome, the Pri oners Aid Association, or to any other good cause which said board shall select. Those contemplating subercibing to the paper are requested to sign the piedge and return to Mr. Holmes. whose home is in Moberly, Mo., but who says he is a Spaniard, was placed under arrest today atlnoon. He had been in the employ of the Cincinnati Post recently. The man drew salary and expenses, receiving \$300 in a lump for a story concerning the Goebel assassination. He had a trip East with a representative o' the Post and live I well at the expense of his

Martinez said that J. M. Davidson, whose home was in Glasgow, Ky, and who killed himself in Springfield, Mo. shortly after Goebel's assassination, was the assassin. He produced a girl in New York, who, he said, was produced a girl in New York, who, he said, was a daughter of Davidson. This "Bessle Davidson" told her story to Post reporters corroborating Martinez's story and always in his presence. Martinez, who has passed under a half dozen different names, it seems now brazenly acknowledges that he delinerately worked off an assissination lake on the Post.

Martinez recently sold to the New York Herold a three-page story of the blowing up of the Maine in Havana harbor. This was also in the nature of a confession. He laid the disaster at the door of the Government of Spain and asserted that he was one of those employed to look after the details in blowing up the battle-ship.

ship.

In his affiliavit made for the *Herald*, he swore

In his affil laylt made for the Herald, he swore that he was born in Spain, while, as a matter of fact, he was born in Moberly, Mo., and knows nothing about the Spanish language, lie now admits that much that he told the Herald was as false as his varn that John M. Davidson killed Goebel. The Fost, although going to considerable expense in the matter, discovered evidence of fraud finally, and did not publish any chapters of Martinez's imaginative story. S. I. Munger, head of the Munger Cotton Machinery Manufacturing Company, and Fay Wilson, daughter of J. B. Wilson, probably the richest cattleman in northern Texas, got a marriage license late last night, went to the home of the Bev. George C. Bankin and were married at 2 o'clock this morning. They caught the 4 o'clock 'Cannon Ball' express for St. Louis. They are going to New York and Paris.

JOKE SELLS HIS NEWSPAPER. Disposes of the Atlanta "Journal" to

Syndicate From Boston. ATIANTA, Ga., March 27.-Grover Cleveland's formet Secretary of the Interior, Hoke Smith weary of politics, has decided to devote himself exclusively to law. He has sold his newspaper Property, the Journal, to a syndicate headed by Tylefferson Coolidge of Boston. Sixteen years

Mr. Smith bought control of the Journal houng to become a great political leader. The Cleveland opheaval gave him an opportunity of sitting in the Cabinet. He remained in that body adversing all of its acts until the eleventh hour here resigned and returned home in hour theme resigned and returned home in the hope of mending his fences. In the four years, high have passed he has accomplished nothing in the way of securing control of poli-tics.

The Governorship is out of Hoke's reach.

The two seats in the United States Senate are ten years out of sight, and every other avenue of promotion is blocked. This being the case, Mr. Smith has decided to become a sure enough private citizen. The price paid for the Journal gave him a handsome profit.

BRYAN PLANS TO LEAVE NEBRASKA If He Is Beaten for President and Cannot

Get a Seat in the United States Senate. LINCOLN, Neb., March 27,-It is practically settled that W. J. Bryan will move to Texas next year or immediately after the Presidential election provided he is not elected President and the State goes against him. It is understood among personal friends here that he has large property interests at El Paso and that he is convinced that the people of Texas will receive him with open arms.

The chances are in favor of Nebraska going against Bryan and Populism this fall. In that event he could have nothing more to hope for in a political way. Texas will always be Democratic, Mr. Bryan thinks, and he could easily become the leader of the party in that State. Of course it is definitely understood here that the removal will not occur if the Nebraska Legislature goes Populist, for in that event Bryan will be one of the two men sent to the Senate. The other will probably be Allen.

Mr. Bryan has not denied various reports that he is figuring on moving to Texas, though he has said nothing for publication. His friends are discussing the move quite freely and say it is certain unless the political horizon clears materially within the next nine months.

TO GET ROCKEFELLER'S \$2,000,000 Chicago University Has All but \$175,000

Raised-Four Days Left to Get It. CHICAGO, March 27 .- During the last few days the authorities of the University of Chiago have received gifts amounting to \$127 -500, which leaves only \$175,000 of the \$2,000. 000 to be raised by April 1 to meet the conditions of John D. Rockefeller's offer of \$2,000,000. At the request of the donors their names have been withheld and will not even

terday two men, supposedly representing some union, stood in front of Nash's store and warned prospective customers that the place was "unfair." Nash resented this and finally attacked one of the delegates, Billy Fay, and knocked him down. The men then went away. This morning Fay and a man named Ryan returned and took up positions flanking Nash's store. They announced that Nash was not the friend of semanting solids, dishonest politicians, we seem to the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along false reports, and the seant along false reports, and the seant along the structure of false reports, and the seant along false reports, and the seant along the structure of false reports, and the seant along the structure of false reports, and the seant along the structure of false reports, and the seant along the structure of false reports, and the seant along the structure of false reports, and the seant along the structure of false reports, and the seant along the structure of the use of money, the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along the structure of the use of money, the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along the structure of the use of money, the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along the structure of the use of money, the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along the structure of the use of money, the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along the structure of the use of money, the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along the structure of the use of money, the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along the structure of the seant along the structure of the use of money, the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along the structure of the use of money the intimidation of false reports, and the seant along t

didn't know the value of his find and after he and some of his companions had tossed it about for nearly half an hour he put it in his pocket with the intention of taking it to a junk shop and selling it as brass. In the meantime Sewader had reported his loss to his employer, but he didn't know where he had lost the brick.

Mr. Aumack telephoned to Police Heald quarters and Policeman Hawkins, who was on duty at the ferry, was notified. Hawkins remembered having seen the newsboys playing with something that looked like brass, and he hunted up Jackson and recovered the gold.

brick.
"Hully gee," exclaimed the boy, "if I'd known that was gold, I wouldn't a been here,

The value of the brick is \$160. "UTICA HERALD" TO STOP.

The Paper Formerly Owned by Ellis H. Roberts to Cease Publication. UTICA, March 27.—The Utica Morning Herald, established in 1847, will be discontinued with to-morrow morning's edition. It was

Quit His Government Job in Disgust.

Brownsville, Tenn., March 27.—Ben Davis, Assistant Postmaster of Memphis, Tenn., quit his Government job to-day in disgust. A few days ago he was called to the telephone. Heleft the safe open and during his absence in a side, room a robber entered and stole a large sum, including Davis's savings for a year or more and \$50 of Government money, which Davis made good.

Tax Bate Likely to Be About 2.38.

President Feitner of the Tax Board said yesterday that in his opinion the tax rate for the current year will be ten points lower than it.

There were nine delegates elected in that he expected to make a large hole in Capt. Goddard's district. He said district, and third election districts, electing two out of seven delegates allotted to that district. Hess claimed all seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the seven, but had no figures. The vote in the district. Hess claimed districts, electing two out of seven delegates allotted to that district. Hess claimed districts, electing two out of seven districts, election districts was Goddard, 80: Hess, 8%.

The big fight was in Hess's own district, the Twenty-fifth. Cant. Goddard carried the first and third election districts was Goddard, 80: Hess, 8%.

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GRUBER WON; SHEEHANLOST

GODDARD SAYS HE'S BEATEN HESS IN 19TH CONGRESS DISTRICT.

Hess Sure He's Won-Gruber, Who Says It Means Quigg's Retirement, Carried Around on His Partisans' Shoulders-Got 101 of 156 Delegates-Sheehan Cries Fraud-Will Contest at State Conventions

Yesterday's primary elections, the second seld under the new primary law, resulted in the triumph of Col. Abraham Gruber over Ex-Assemblyman George C. Austin in the Republican row in the Twenty-first district: the defeat of John C. Sheehan, ex-leader of Tame many Hall in the Ninth district, and probably in a victory for Capt. F. Norton Goddard. Republican leader in the Twentieth district, over the Hon. Charles A. Hess, leader of the Twenty-flifth district, in their fight for the control of the Tweifth Congress District Convention. Abe Gruber has got 101 out of 156 delegates on the Twenty-first, with 4 more unaccounted for as yet. Sheehan lost by a plurality of 124. In September he won by 119, Goddard says he has beaten Heas by 1 delegate and gives figures. Hess says he has beaten Goddard by 21 delegates and gives no figures. Goddard's friends say that he has 55 of the 109 delegates and that his faction will say who shall go as delegates to the National Convention.

The contest in the Twenty-first was the hottest of all. Col. Gruber has maintained through a three months' campaign that he was fighting President Quigg of the Republican County Committee, and not ex-Assemblyman Austin or any large party in the Twenty-first. He told his followers continually throughout the campaign that if he was defeated the election would be regarded as a victory for Mr. Quigg, whose reflection as President of the County Committee Gruber opposed last September. Mr. Austin said as frequently that Mr. Quige was not concerned in the fight at all, and that it was purely a district contest. Ex-Mayor William L. Strong and the Hon. William Brookfield took Col. Gruber's side in the contest, and Assemblyman Edward H. Fallows took the part of Mr. Austin. Had Col. Gruber's ticket been defeated he would have been deposed by to-night from his membership in the Executive Committee of the county organization. He may be put out yet. He says that he has been deprived of his rights as a district leader by President Quigg and that he will lead a delegation of enrolled voters to Mr. Quiggs office to demand that he be recognized. If he does he will make a speech setting forth his attitude toward the organization.

It was pointed out last evening that Col. Gruber was in a position similar to that occupied by the Hon. John C. Sheehan in Tammany Hall after the September primaries. Mr. Sheehan knocked out the Godwin-Smiths in Ser-

han knocked out the Godwin-Smiths in Sere tember announced at the spring convocation. President Harper says that the necessary sum will be forthcoming before April 1.

BORSEWHIPPED A BOYCOTTER.

A Tailor of Butte, Mon., Resents a Labor Union Attempt to Ruin His Business.

BUTTE, Mon., March 27.—J. W. Nash, a merchant tailor, has had some difficulty with the labor unions and has been boycotted. Yesterday two men, supposedly representing some union, stood in front of Nash's store and temperature and was knocked out the Godwin-Smiths in Serettember and was knocked out the Series day the least to be a fight against Col. Gruber rext series and Broadway.

Lol Gruber received the returns at Dieder was an annothing

Ryan returned and took up positions flaking Nash's store. They announced that Nash was not the friend of labor and tried to prevent persons from going into the store. Nash consulted the County and the store in this only recourse was a suit for damages against the union instituting the boycott.

This process promised to be somewhat slow and Nash decided to take the matter in his own hands. He bought two strong whipe and took up a position in front of his store. Then he told the deleanters that there would be no more warnings and that the first man who interfered with his business would suifer. By this time a large crown had collected. Five was through taking Nath's order. Before he was through taking Nath's whip snapped in his face and he retreated. Evan also got out of the way and the hoveout was off.

Nash says he does not know why the unions have boycotted him.

A GOLD BRICK LOST.

Remark of the Newsboy Who Found It and Didn't Know it Was Gold.

Charles Aumack, who keeps a gold-beating shop at 190 Cator avenue. Jersey City, sent Charles Sewader, one of his employees, to this city to buy a gold brick to be used in the business. On his way back Sewader best the brick, It was found by John Thompson, one of the newsboys who sell papers at the eatrance to the Pennsylvania railroad ferry. Thompson didn't know the value of his find and after he and some of his companions had tossed it about for nearly half an hour he put it in his pooket with the intention of taking it to.

with to-morrow morning's edition. It was
for many years the leading Republican
paper in central New York. It was owned
by Ellis H. Roberts, United States Treasurer
at Washington for many years and then passed
into a company of which the late C. W.
Hackett, chairman of the Republican State
Committee, was the head. In December the
Herala went into the hands of a receiver and
was purchased by the Unica Evening Despatch
Company. A new Republican morning paper
in Utica is assured.

NEW PLAGUE CASE AT HONOLULU.

Steamer Australia From That Port Is Quarantined at San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 27.—The steamer
Australia arrived from Honolulu late this
afternoon, but was ordered immediately into
quarantine. It was learned from the officers
that one more case of bubonic plague has appeared at Honolulu. Business is zoing on as
usual. The Australia brought minety-three
cabin and seven steerage passengers.

Quit His Government Job in Disgust.

It was
ideas for Austin.

And The contest between Hess and Goddard was
to see which of them should accompany Cornalius N. Bliss to Philadeiphin as a delegate to
the see which of them should accompany Cornalius N. Bliss to Philadeiphin as a delegate to
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current year will be ten points lower than it was in Manhattan last year. Last year it was 2.48 in Manhattan and 2.35 in Brooklyn. This year he thinks it will be about 2.38, with a slight variation due to the difference in the county budgets in the different boroughs.

d :d :d 345.

There were nine delegates elected in the Twenty-seventh Assembly district. There was no contest there. It was understood by Mr. Goddard that five, if not seven, of the nine delegates were to be instructed to vote for him. It was understood by Hess than